



# Town Center

## ORTHOPAEDICS

ASHBURN • CENTREVILLE • FAIRFAX • RESTON

PHONE: 703-435-6604

### **Post-Operative Instructions Following Upper Extremity Surgery**

#### **1. WHEN DO I COME IN FOR MY FIRST FOLLOW-UP VISIT?**

If an appointment has not already been scheduled, please call the office the day following surgery to schedule an appointment for approximately one week after your surgery.

#### **2. WHAT SHOULD I EXPECT AFTER SURGERY?**

After surgery, it is normal to experience some discomfort. A pain medication prescription was sent to your pharmacy. Please use the medication regularly as directed for the first twenty-four hours and then as needed after the first day. Tylenol (Acetaminophen) may be used with or instead of the prescription medication.

If you have been prescribed Celebrex (Celecoxib), you should not take additional anti-inflammatories. If you have not been given a Celebrex prescription, do not use an anti-inflammatories, unless instructed otherwise.

A low-grade temperature (99-101 degrees F) is common. Please call the office if your temperature is consistently elevated over 101.5 degrees.

#### **3. HOW LONG SHOULD I KEEP MY SURGICAL SITE DRY AND WEAR THE BANDAGE?**

The bandage or splint should be kept dry and in place for 48 hours. For the first 48 hours, it is best to take baths so that the dressing or splint may remain dry.

If there is a splint or brace in place, do not remove it unless instructed otherwise. If there is a dressing in place, please remove and discard the bandages forty-eight hours after surgery. In this case, there may be several stitches or staples along the incision. If present, keep these and your incision dry until after the stitches or staples are removed. If no sutures or staples are present, you may get your incision wet. Just dry you incision afterwards and cover it with a clean bandage.

#### **4. WHAT EFFECTS MIGHT I NOTICE FROM THE ANESTHESIA?**

If you had general anesthesia, some fatigue and lethargy may be noticeable for a day or two. Occasionally, nausea may occur. Eating light foods will help. Resume your regular diet as the nausea resolves.

If you had a block, soreness in the area of injection is common. The soreness should resolve by three to four days following the surgery. If, by that time, it has not resolved or it is getting worse, please call my office or call the hospital and ask for the anesthesia office.

## 5. WHAT CAN I DO TO HELP REDUCE SWELLING AND DISCOMFORT?

Limiting your activities and resting with the surgical site elevated above your heart are the best methods of reducing swelling and discomfort and will speed up your recovery. You may have a cool therapy device. If so, the company's representative should have provided you with instructions on its proper use. If not, please call their office for assistance. If you cannot reach them, please call my office. If no splint is covering the surgical site, ice may also be used. Fill a plastic bag with ice cubes and place it over the shoulder with a towel between the skin and the ice bag. Leave the ice in place for 15-30 minutes. This may be done every hour while awake.

You may also want to take pain medication before going to sleep.

With regard to your activity level, use common sense as your guide. Advance in your daily activities as tolerated. Avoid frequent overhead activities and do not lift any objects heavier than a pen. In addition, any painful activities are to be avoided.

## 6. HOW MANY DAYS SHOULD I USE THE SLING?

If a sling was provided, use the sling until further notice unless other instructions have been provided.

## 7. WILL I HAVE AN EXERCISE PROGRAM TO FOLLOW?

If physical therapy is to be used, a physical therapy prescription will be emailed to you. If so, and you have not already scheduled therapy, please arrange for this to begin **as soon as possible**. If you need assistance locating a therapist, please call our office for assistance.

## 8. WHAT ELSE CAN I EXPECT

1. Bruising and swelling of the shoulder region is common. This is caused by bleeding from the bone and soft tissues (cut during the procedure) into the tissue just deep to the skin.
2. Some patients develop numbness and/or stiffness in the hand and fingers following surgery. Initially, this most often is due to the anesthesia block, if administered. Later, this is usually due to swelling and immobilization of your arm and often resolves shortly after the swelling subsides and therapy begins. If numbness in your hand persists, please call our office.
3. It is common to develop a stiff neck following surgery. This is caused by the sling as well as from the immobilization of your arm. By frequently moving your neck in slow circles as well as side to side and front to back, this stiffness may be minimized.